Dental hygiene by the numbers

By Fred Michmershuizen, Online Editor

How much do you know about dental hygiene, really?
For example, did you know that 80 percent of the U.S. population has some form of periodontal gum disease? Or that Americans make about 500 million visits to dentists and spend an estimated $98.6 billion on dental services each year?

Read below to bone up on more interesting facts and figures, courtesy of the American Dental Hygienists’ Association and other sources.

With this knowledge, you’ll be sure to impress patients and dentists alike!

• Dental caries is the major cause of tooth loss in children, while periodontal (gum) disease is the major cause of tooth loss in adults.
• About 78 percent of Americans have had at least one cavity by age 17.
• Job prospects for dental hygienists are expected to remain excellent, and the employment rate is expected to grow 50 percent through 2016.
• Dental hygienists who graduate from an accredited dental hygiene program receive an average of nearly 2,000 hours of classroom study in academic subjects emphasizing basic sciences, dental sciences, dental hygiene theory (including pain control, nutrition, oral health education and preventive counseling) and periodontics (the study of gums and their supporting structures). These hours include at least 600 hours of supervised instruction in preclinical and clinical skills.
• Over 95 percent of U.S. adults who have been treated by a dental hygienist without a dentist on the premises say they felt comfortable with the care they received.
• Dental hygienists screen for serious health problems, such as HIV infection, oral cancer, eating disorders, substance abuse and diabetes.
• Snacking on celery, carrots or apples helps clear away loose food and debris.
• Two out of three dental hygienists report that they see signs of hypertension and heart disease in some of their patients.
• Three out of four patients don’t change their toothbrush as often as they should.
• The RDH designation stands for Registered Dental Hygienist. It assures patients that a dental hygienist has completed a nationally accredited dental hygiene program, has successfully passed a national written and state clinical examination, and has received a state license to provide preventive oral health care services and patient education. (In Indiana, the designation LDH — Licensed Dental Hygienist — is used instead of RDH.)
• Dental caries, popularly known as tooth decay, is an infectious, transmissible disease. Research shows that the presence of bacterium known as streptococcus mutans leads to dental caries in children.
• There are more than 150,000 registered dental hygienists in the United States.
• About 98 percent of the nation’s dental hygienists are female.
• There are 500 entry level, 60 degree completion and 18 master degree dental hygiene programs.
• While most dental hygienists work in private oral health practices, others provide services in hospitals; managed care organizations; federal, state, and municipal health departments; primary and secondary school systems; private businesses and industries; correctional institutions; and private and public centers for pediatric, geriatric, and other special needs groups.

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